The Beams and Applications Seminar Series

How to Avoid RF Breakdown: Field Evaporation and GCIB Processing

Zinetulla Insepov Energy Technology Division (ANL)

Bldg. 401, Room B2100 Friday, Oct 17, 1:30 PM

Host: Kwang-Je Kim

A new field evaporation effect has been studied that may be relevant in understanding and controlling vacuum breakdown in an RF-cavity. An atomistic Molecular Dynamics simulation method has been used to model the Copper tip evaporation in a strong periodic electric field. Our results showed that before the surface atoms start to evaporate from the tip's surface by one-by-one mechanism, which should happen above a certain threshold field, the field evaporation occurs by tearing away a group of tip atoms or clusters. This effect occurs long before the threshold electric field is attained, i.e. it is a below-the-threshold effect. These clusters contain from 10 to 100 Cu-atoms and bear multiple charges. A lower electric field can tear off a bigger chunk of the tip, but this happens during a longer time scale, i.e. at a lower field frequency. A new surface smoothening method has been proposed that can smooth the cavity surfaces up to an Angstrom scale, based on a Gas Cluster Ion Beam (GCIB) technique.

For more information visit

http://www.aps.anl.gov/asd/physics/seminar.html

Visitors from off-site please contact John Power (jp@anl.gov, 630-252-3191) to arrange for a gate pass.

This ANL seminar series is a CARA activity and focuses on the physics, technology and applications of particle and photon beams. It is sponsored jointly by the ASD Division, the AWA group of the HEP Division, and the ATLAS group of the PHY Division.